# CAPMAN GROUP'S INTERIM REPORT 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2014



## CAPMAN GROUP'S INTERIM REPORT FOR 1 JANUARY-30 JUNE 2014

## Performance and main events during the review period:

- Group turnover totalled MEUR 15.0 (January–June 2013: MEUR 16.5).
- Operating profit was MEUR 2.8 (MEUR 4.0).
- Profit before taxes was MEUR 2.2 (MEUR 4.3) and profit after taxes was MEUR 1.9 (MEUR 4.3).
- Earnings per share for the review period were 1.7 cents (3.7 cents).
- Capital under management as of 30 June 2014 totalled MEUR 3,066.8 (30 June 2013: MEUR 3,270.2).
- Funds managed by CapMan were active during the review period and made nine new investments in total
- Our financing position remained strong and we increased the maturity of our loan portfolio.
- The size of the CapMan Nordic Real Estate fund increased by MEUR 93.5 after the review period, bringing the total fund size to MEUR 166.0.

## CapMan maintains its outlook estimate for 2014:

We estimate our earnings per share to improve significantly from the level achieved in 2013 primarily due to increasing operating profit.

## **Basis for outlook:**

Our fees will cover our expenses before possible non-recurring expenses related to acquisitions or larger development projects.

CapMan receives carried interest income from funds as a result of a completed exit in the event that the fund already is in carry or will enter carry due to the exit. Our current portfolio holds several investments, which we are ready to exit during 2014.

The fair value development of our own fund investments will have a substantial impact on our overall result in 2014. We expect disparity in the development of individual portfolio companies and real estate also during 2014 depending on their industry and geographical location. In addition, our portfolio companies and real estate are also influenced by various other factors, among others the general development of industries and local economies, valuation multiples of peer companies, and exchange rates.

## Heikki Westerlund, CEO:

The size of our Nordic real estate fund grew by almost MEUR 100 in July. In total the fund has already invested in five new properties located in Denmark and Sweden. The fund is also a good example of a successful internationalisation of our investor base.

We exited from Yrjönkatu 17 property, Finlayson and the minority holding in LUMENE Oy. These exits had a favourable impact on our carried interest income.

The slow development of the Finnish and Russian economies still continues to affect the fair values of our own fund investments. However, the action programmes in the most challenging portfolio companies are being advanced.

Our financing position is good and our fee income and operational expenses are in balance. Moreover, we increased the maturity of our own financing by participating in a multi-issuer bond guaranteed by Garantia Insurance Company Ltd with MEUR 10 share.

More extensive fundraising rounds of our basic business operations will end this year. We are now preparing for the next steps in fundraising and in ensuring our competitiveness. In fundraising we aim to further broaden and internationalise our investor base."

## **Business operations**

CapMan Group is a private equity fund manager operating in the Nordic countries and Russia. The Group also makes investments in its own funds. The Group operates through two segments: a Management Company business and a Fund Investment business.

In its Management Company business, CapMan raises capital from Nordic and international institutions for the funds that it manages. The investment teams invest this capital in Nordic and Russian companies and Nordic real estate. The Management Company business has two main sources of income: fees and carried interest from funds.

Through its Fund Investment business, CapMan makes investments from its own balance sheet in the funds that it manages. Income in this business is generated by increases in the fair value of investments and realised returns.

Please see Appendix 3 for additional details about CapMan's business model.

### Group turnover and result for January–June 2014

The Group's turnover during the first six months of 2014 decreased by 9.0% from the comparable period last year and totalled MEUR 15.0 (January-June 2013: MEUR 16.5). The decrease in turnover was mainly due to lower carried interest income compared to the corresponding period last year.

Operating expenses decreased and totalled MEUR 13.5 (MEUR 16.4). Expenses during the comparable period were higher due to non-recurring expenses related to CapMan's CEO change and the establishment of the CapMan Nordic Real Estate fund.

The Group recorded an operating profit of MEUR 2.8 (MEUR 4.0), which decreased from the comparable period last year as a result of lower carried interest income and fair value changes in CapMan's own fund investments.

Financial income and expenses amounted to MEUR -0.8 (MEUR 0.1). The decrease from the comparable period was due to the partial sale of Maneq receivables in June 2013. The return profile of Maneq investments is largely consistent with that of our own fund investments. CapMan's share of the profit of its associated companies was MEUR 0.2 (MEUR 0.2).

Profit before taxes was MEUR 2.2 (MEUR 4.3) and profit after taxes was MEUR 1.9 (MEUR 4.3). Earnings per share were 1.7 cents (3.7 cents) after deducting the (net of tax) interest on the hybrid bond for the review period.

A quarterly breakdown of turnover and profit, together with turnover, operating profit/loss, and profit/loss by segment for the review period, can be found in the Tables section of this report.

#### **Management Company business**

Turnover generated by the Management Company business during the first half totalled MEUR 15.0 (MEUR 16.5). Fees were at the same level as in the comparable period last year and totalled MEUR 13.6 (MEUR 13.7). In addition to management fees received from funds, the amount also included fees generated by CapMan's purchasing scheme (CaPS) and accounting services.

Carried interest generated during the review period totalled MEUR 1.4 and was received following the exit from LUMENE Oy from CapMan Equity VII B and Finnmezzanine III B funds as well as when selling Yrjönkatu 17 property. Carried interest during the comparable period in 2013 totalled MEUR 2.8.



The operating profit of the Management Company business improved and was MEUR 1.9 (MEUR 0.3) due to lower operating expenses compared to the same period last year. The profit for the first half of the year was MEUR 1.7 (MEUR 0.6). The status of the funds managed by CapMan is presented in more detail in Appendix 1.

#### **Fund Investment business**

Fair value changes of fund investments in January-June 2014 were MEUR 1.1 (MEUR 3.9) and represented a 1.6% increase during the review period (5.0% increase in value during the first half of 2013). The modest change in fair values in relation to the objectives was mainly due to weaker than anticipated financial development of certain portfolio companies. Fair value changes were also influenced by developments in the market value of the listed peers of our portfolio companies and changes in exchange rates. The aggregate fair value of fund investments as of 30 June 2014 was MEUR 63.0 (30 June 2013: MEUR 75.8).

Operating profit for the Fund Investment business was MEUR 0.9 (MEUR 3.7) and profit for the review period was MEUR 0.3 (MEUR 3.7). The Fund Investment business includes the results of Maneq companies remaining in the CapMan portfolio.

CapMan invested a total of MEUR 7.1 (MEUR 3.8) in its funds during the first half of 2014. The majority of this was allocated to the CapMan Buyout X and CapMan Nordic Real Estate funds. CapMan received distributions from funds totalling MEUR 8.7 (MEUR 3.8). The majority of the distributions came from the CapMan Buyout VIII fund as a result of exit from Espira Gruppen AS.

The amount of remaining commitments that have not yet been called totalled MEUR 26.8 as of 30 June 2014 (30 June 2013: MEUR 25.1). The aggregate fair value of existing investments and remaining commitments was MEUR 89.8 (MEUR 100.9). CapMan invests 1-5% of the original capital in the new funds that it manages, depending on fund size.

Investments in portfolio companies are valued at fair value in accordance with the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines (IPEVG), where fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Real estate assets are valued in accordance with the value appraisals of external experts, as detailed in Appendix 1.

Investments at fair value and remaining investment capacity by investment area are presented in the Tables section of this report.

#### Balance sheet and financial position as of 30 June 2014

CapMan's balance sheet totalled MEUR 112.2 as of 30 June 2014 (30 June 2013: MEUR 123.9). Non-current assets amounted to MEUR 88.6 (MEUR 100.3), of which goodwill totalled MEUR 6.2 (MEUR 6.2).

Fund investments booked at fair value totalled MEUR 63.0 (MEUR 75.8). Long-term receivables amounted to MEUR 4.8 (MEUR 1.8). In June 2013, CapMan transferred its ownership in 2005-2011 Maneq funds and long-term receivables from the funds to a Luxembourg company founded by CapMan, Maneq Investments Luxembourg, and sold part of that company to an external investor for a cash consideration of MEUR 14. CapMan's share of Maneq Investments Luxembourg and the company's loan are shown as investments in associated companies. As of 30 June 2014, investments in associated companies were MEUR 9.3 at fair value (30 June 2013: MEUR 10.0).

Current assets amounted to MEUR 23.6 (MEUR 23.6). Liquid assets (cash in hand and at banks, plus other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss) amounted to MEUR 17.6 (MEUR 16.6).



In June, CapMan Plc participated in a multi-issuer bond totalling MEUR 70 and guaranteed by Garantia Insurance Company Ltd with MEUR 10 share. The issuance diversifies the company's financing package and increases the maturity of its loan portfolio.

Furthermore, CapMan Plc's MEUR 30 debt securities consist of a MEUR 15 senior bond and a MEUR 15 hybrid bond. The senior bond has an annual coupon rate of 5.5% and a maturity of four years. The annual coupon rate of the hybrid bond is 8.0%. The interest on the hybrid bond is deducted from equity as interest is paid, which is annually. The hybrid bond has no maturity, but CapMan has the right to call it in four years from the issue date and the option to call it in earlier, under certain terms and conditions, two years after the issue date.

As of June 2014, CapMan Plc had a bank financing package totalling MEUR 25.0 (MEUR 33.0) available, of which MEUR 9.9 (MEUR 24.7) was utilised. Trade and other payables totalled MEUR 10.9 (MEUR 13.9). The Group's interest-bearing net debt amounted to MEUR 17.2 (MEUR 8.1). CapMan Plc's bank loans include financing covenants, which are conditional on the company's equity ratio and the ratio of interest-bearing bank loans to fund investments on the balance sheet. CapMan honoured all covenants as of 30 June 2014.

The Group's cash flow from operations totalled MEUR -0.7 for the review period (MEUR 1.5). Income from fund management fees is paid semi-annually, in January and July, and is shown under working capital in the cash flow statement. Cash flow from investments totalled MEUR 0.5 (MEUR 15.6) and includes, *inter alia*, fund investments and repaid capital received by the Group. Cash flow before financing totalled MEUR -0.2 (MEUR 17.1), while cash flow from financing was MEUR 0.5 (MEUR -7.5).

## Key figures 30 June 2014

CapMan's equity ratio was 57.4% as of 30 June 2014 (30 June 2013: 67.5%), its return on equity 5.9% (10.5%), and its return on investment 5.6% (9.1%). The target levels for the company's equity ratio and return on equity are at least 60% and over 20%, respectively.

	30.6.14	30.6.13	31.12.13
Earnings per share, cents	1.7	3.7	-1.2
Diluted, cents	1.7	3.7	-1.2
Shareholders' equity / share, cents *	74.8	97.8	77.0
Share issue adjusted number of shares	86,033,855	84,255,467	84,268,963
Number of shares at the end of period	86,316,766	84,281,766	85,266,991
Number of shares outstanding	86,290,467	84,255,467	85,240,692
Company's possession of its own shares, end of period	26,299	26,299	26,299
Return on equity, %	5.9	10.5	2.0
Return on investment,%	5.6	9.1	3.5
Equity ratio,%	57.4	67.5	58.9
Net gearing,%	26.7	9.4	22.3

\*) In line with IFRS standards, the MEUR 15 (30 June 2013: MEUR 29) hybrid bond has been included in equity, also when calculating equity per share. The interest on the hybrid bond (net of tax) for the review period has been deducted when calculating earnings per share.



## Fundraising during the review period and capital under management as of 30 June 2014

Capital under management refers to the remaining investment capacity of funds and capital already invested at acquisition cost. Capital increases as fundraising for new funds progresses and declines as exits are made.

The size of the CapMan Buyout X fund increased to MEUR 220.1 in February and that of the CapMan Nordic Real Estate fund to MEUR 166.0 in July 2014. Fundraising for these two funds and for the CapMan Russia II fund continues. CapMan exploits its geographically extended network and aims to gain new fund commitments from investor groups that have not previously invested in private equity funds. Increased interest in private equity also creates opportunities for new competitive products that we aim to utilise in the coming fundraising rounds.

Capital under management was MEUR 3,066.8 as of 30 June 2014 (30 June 2013: MEUR 3,270.2). The decrease was due to exits completed after the comparable period last year. Of the total capital under management, MEUR 1,551.1 (MEUR 1,780.2) was held in funds making investments in portfolio companies and MEUR 1,515.7 (MEUR 1,490.0) in real estate funds.

Funds under management, together with their investment activities, are presented in more detail in Appendices 1 and 2.

#### Authorisations given to the Board by the AGM

The Annual General Meeting authorised the Board of Directors to decide on the repurchase and/or on the acceptance as pledges of the company's B shares. The number of B shares concerned shall not exceed 8,000,000, and the authorisation shall remain in force until the end of the following AGM and 30 June 2015 at the latest. The AGM also authorised the Board to decide on the issuance of shares and other special rights entitling to shares. The number of shares to be issued shall not exceed 15,000,000 B shares and the authorization shall remain in force until the end of the latest.

Further details on these authorisations can be found in the stock exchange release on the decisions taken by the AGM issued on 19 March 2014.

## Personnel

CapMan employed a total of 110 people as of 30 June 2014 (30 June 2013: 105), of whom 72 (67) worked in Finland and the remainder in the other Nordic countries, Russia, and Luxembourg. A breakdown of personnel by country is presented in the Tables section of this report.

#### Shares and share capital

There were no changes in CapMan Plc's share capital during the review period. Share capital totalled EUR 771,586.98 as of 30 June 2014. The number of B shares was 80,566,766 and that of A shares 5,750,000 as of 30 June 2014.

B shares entitle holders to one vote per share and A shares to 10 votes per share.



#### Shareholders

The number of CapMan Plc shareholders increased by 0.8% during the review period and totalled 7,130 as of 30 June 2014 (30 June 2013: 5,924).

## **Company shares**

As of 30 June 2014, CapMan Plc held a total of 26,299 CapMan Plc B shares, representing 0.03% of both classes of shares and 0.02% of voting rights. The market value of own shares held by CapMan was EUR 29,222 as of 30 June 2014 (30 June 2013: EUR 22,091). No changes occurred in the number of own shares held by CapMan Plc during the review period.

#### **Compensation schemes**

CapMan's compensation scheme consists of short-term and long-term compensation schemes.

The short-term scheme covers all CapMan employees and its central objective is earnings per share, for which the Board of Directors has set a minimum target. Short-term bonuses for investment teams are based on the result of the Management Company business for their respective investment partnership, and the minimum level of earnings per share provides the basis for receiving bonuses.

The long-term scheme consists of carried interest payable to investment teams and stock option programmes for CapMan's Executive Management Group. The carried interest payable to investment teams is based on the success of investments made in the corresponding funds. This arrangement is in line with international industry practice. At the end of the reporting period, CapMan Plc had one stock option programme – Option Programme 2013 – in place as part of its incentive and commitment arrangements for key personnel. The Board of Directors decides annually on the distribution of stock options to the key personnel employed or recruited by the Group.

The maximum number of stock options issued under Option Programme 2013 will be 4,230,000, which will carry an entitlement to subscribe to a maximum of 4,230,000 new B shares. The programme is divided into A, B, and C series, each of which covers a maximum of 1,410,000 option entitlements. The share subscription price of the 2013A options is EUR 0.92 (the trade volume-weighted average quotation of the share during 1 April–31 May 2013 with an addition of 10%), that of the 2013B options is 1.16 (the trade volume-weighted average quotation of the share during 1 April–31 May 2014 with an addition of 10%), and that of the 2013C options the trade volume-weighted average quotation of 10%. The subscription period for 2013A options will begin on 1 May 2016, that for 2013B options on 1 May 2017, and that for 2013C options on 1 May 2018. Receivables from shares subscribed to under these options will be entered in the company's unrestricted shareholders' equity. A total of 1,125,000 stock option entitlements under the Option Programme 2013A had been allocated by the end of June 2014.

The terms of the option programmes can be found on CapMan's website.

#### Trading and market capitalisation

CapMan Plc's B shares closed at EUR 1.12 on 30 June 2014 (30 June 2013: EUR 0.84). The trade-weighted average price during the six month period was EUR 1.09 (EUR 0.84). The highest price paid was EUR 1.23 (EUR 0.94) and the lowest EUR 0.90 (EUR 0.78). The number of CapMan Plc B shares traded totalled 12.3 million (6.3 million), valued at MEUR 13.4 (MEUR 5.3).



The market capitalisation of CapMan Plc B shares as of 30 June 2014 was MEUR 90.2 (30 June 2013: MEUR 66.0). The market capitalisation of all company shares, including A shares valued at the closing price of B shares, was MEUR 96.7 (MEUR 70.8).

## Other events during the review period

Funds managed by CapMan signed an agreement to exit Espira Gruppen AS in March. The transaction was finalised in May and contributed some MEUR 5 in cash flow to the CapMan Group.

Funds managed by CapMan exited completely from LUMENE Oy and signed an agreement to exit Finlayson & Co Oy in June. In addition, CapMan Real Estate sold Yrjönkatu 17 property, and as a consequence the project-specific hotel property fund CapMan Yrjönkatu 17 Ky was transferred to a new owner. The exits have a positive impact on CapMan Group's financial result for 2014 through carried interest income.

Funds managed by CapMan made a number of new investments during the first half of the year. The CapMan Buyout X fund acquired a majority holding in The North Alliance Group (NOA), a network focused on digital communication in the Nordic markets, a Finnish luxury and lifestyle hotel chain Kämp Group, Suomen Lämpöikkuna Oy, a provider of turnkey window and door renovation solutions in Finland and the Finnish Harvia Oy, which operates in the sauna industry. Furthermore, in April 2014 Renideo Group Oy, a company controlled by funds managed by CapMan Plc, and Renideo Holding Oy, a company wholly owned by Renideo Group Oy, announced a public tender offer for all shares issued by Oral Hammaslääkärit Plc. The transaction was realised during an extended acceptance period in June. In addition, CapMan Buyout X fund invested in Malte Månson – a Swedish network of heavy vehicle service workshops and YrkesAkademin – a private provider of vocational education in Sweden. The CapMan Mezzanine V fund also invested in the Kämp Group and Suomen Lämpöikkuna Oy.

CapMan Nordic Real Estate fund invested in an office building ("Bladet 3") located in Solna, Northern Stockholm in April and in two residential properties in central Copenhagen in June 2014. In addition, CapMan Real Estate II fund increased its ownership in shopping centre Willa and following the transaction, the ownership of the second phase of Willa was transferred entirely to CapMan RE II fund.

#### Events after the close of the review period

The exit from Finlayson & Co Oy was finalised in July 2014.

#### Significant risks and short-term uncertainties

Weak economic development in CapMan's key markets and structural changes in industries central to CapMan's portfolio companies may affect CapMan's operations by delaying exits and reducing the fair value of the Group's fund investments. Fluctuations in exchange rates could also affect the valuation of CapMan's portfolio companies.

The market situation may also impact fundraising conditions by reducing fund investors' willingness and ability to make new commitments to CapMan's funds. Fundraising markets are expected to remain crowded over the short term, which could possibly affect the outcome of the on-going fundraising. A successful fundraising effort will impact the total amount of capital under management, hence resulting in new management fees.

The projections related to the profitability of the Management Company business involve significant uncertainty especially related to timing of exits. Due to limitations in forecasting the timing of carried interest and the change in fair value developments, providing financial guidance remains challenging over the short term.

The CapMan Real Estate I fund transferred into carry in 2007. Of the MEUR 27.4 carried interest paid in 2007, some MEUR 6.4 was not entered in CapMan's profit in 2007 but instead left in reserve in case that some of the carried interest would have to be returned to investors in future. CapMan's share of the entered carried interest was approx. MEUR 13.5 and the share of minority owners was approx. MEUR 7.5. However, in light of the current



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market situation, it is considered unlikely that any further carried interest would be paid from the CapMan Real Estate I fund. It is possible that the required return of carried interest will exceed the reserved MEUR 6.4.

The company's financing agreements include financing covenants, which, if breached, may result in increased financing costs for the company or stipulate partial or full repayment of outstanding bank loans.

The EU's Basel III and Solvency II regulatory initiatives limit the ability of European banks and insurance companies to invest in private equity funds, and could therefore impact CapMan's fundraising activity. The entering into force of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers' Directive (AIFMD) may have an impact on the operations and marketing of the funds.

## **Business environment**

The Nordic buyout and M&A markets were active during the first half of 2014 as both the value and the volume of realised acquisitions clearly increased from the comparable period.<sup>1</sup> Competition for investment opportunities remained stiff, as the value of unspent commitments to private equity funds, known as 'dry powder', surged to record levels during the first half of the year. Despite the market situation, CapMan has been one of the most active private equity firms in the Nordics with its funds making several new investments during the first half of the year.<sup>2</sup>

The Nordic market has maintained its position as one of the strongest private equity markets in Europe due to its favourable macro environment, open markets and strong operational expertise in the private equity industry.<sup>3</sup> In addition, the availability of alternative financing sources especially for small and mid-sized buyouts has increased and also bank financing is readily available.<sup>4</sup>

Large and more experienced fund managers attracted most of the investment commitments during the review period, yet investors also favoured small and mid-sized fund managers having excellent track record and specific investment focus. The number of funds reaching final close experienced a decline resulting in an increase in the average fund sizes. According to a survey by Preqin, buyout funds are the most sought after fund type and more than half of investors indicated a preference for buyout funds in the year ahead.<sup>5</sup> Furthermore, in 2014, exit activity is expected to continue at least at the same level as in 2013, enabling investors to re-allocate the capital distributions from exits into new funds.<sup>6</sup>

The crisis in Ukraine and the consequent sanctions imposed on Russia have reduced growth forecasts for the Russian economy, which may be further lowered.<sup>7</sup> A weaker rouble and stock market could have a negative impact on the fair value development of portfolio companies in Russia, but could also create better investment opportunities due to lower valuations. However, Russia is still considered an important growth region, and sectors such as IT, B2B services, and healthcare that are the investment focus of CapMan Russia are still expected to continue their growth.

The volume of real estate transactions in Finland during the first half of 2014 was approx. BEUR 1.25, which is the highest first-half volume reached since 2008. International investors represented approx. 50% of the transaction

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Reuters, 1 July 2014



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> UnQuote Barometer Q2 2014, July 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> UnQuote Analysis: Nordic Survey 2014, July 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> UnQuote Analysis: Nordic Survey 2014, July 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Nordic UnQuote, 17 July 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Preqin Quarterly update: Private Equity Q2 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Bain Global Private Equity report 2014

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volume in Finland.<sup>8</sup> During the same period in Sweden, transaction volume increased by nearly 22% from the previous year, to approx. BEUR 5.5. Especially international investors in Finland and Sweden continued to focus on prime real estate with stable rents, although there has been increasing demand for better properties outside prime areas. The yield gap between prime and secondary assets continued to be high especially in Finland. In Sweden, on the other hand, there has been a continued downward pressure on secondary asset yields for some time already. Rental levels remained generally stable in the Nordic countries also during the first half of the year. At the same time, the availability of traditional senior financing has shown some signs of recovery compared to the same period last year.<sup>9</sup>

### **Regulatory environment**

The law implementing the European Directive on Alternative Investment Fund Managers (AIFM directive) came into force in Finland on 15 March 2014. The directive stipulates, among other things, an operating license or registration for alternative investment fund managers, as well as other significant requirements, including fund investor and authority reporting. CapMan has already taken action to comply with the directive *inter alia* by registering the fund managers in the scope of the regulation and evaluates that its organisation and operating model enables it to comply with the requirements of these new regulations, where applicable.

CapMan actively monitors other regulatory developments affecting the industry, including the Basel III and Solvency II initiatives, which will have an impact on capital requirements for European banks and insurance companies.

## CapMan maintains its outlook estimate for 2014:

We estimate our earnings per share to improve significantly from the level achieved in 2013 primarily due to increasing operating profit.

#### **Basis for outlook:**

Our fees will cover our expenses before possible non-recurring expenses related to acquisitions or larger development projects.

CapMan receives carried interest income from funds as a result of a completed exit in the event that the fund already is in carry or will enter carry due to the exit. Our current portfolio holds several investments, which we are ready to exit during 2014.

The fair value development of our own fund investments will have a substantial impact on our overall result in 2014. We expect disparity in the development of individual portfolio companies and real estate also during 2014 depending on their industry and geographical location. In addition, our portfolio companies and real estate are also influenced by various other factors, among others the general development of industries and local economies, valuation multiples of peer companies, and exchange rates.

The CapMan Group will publish its Interim Report for 1 January – 30 September 2014 on Thursday, 6 November 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Pangea. The Nordic Property Market – July 2014



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> KTI Transactions information service – July 2014

Helsinki, 7 August 2014

CAPMAN PLC Board of Directors

## **Further information:**

Niko Haavisto, CFO, tel. +358 50 465 4125

## Distribution:

NASDAQ OMX Helsinki Principal media www.capman.com

## Appendices (after the Tables section):

Appendix 1: The CapMan Group's funds under management as of 30 June 2014, MEUR Appendix 2: Operations of CapMan's funds under management in January–June 2014 Appendix 3: Description of CapMan's business operations



## Accounting principles

The Interim Report has been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The information presented in the Interim Report is un-audited.

## GROUP STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (IFRS)

€ ('000)	4-6/14	4-6/13	1-6/14	1-6/13	1-12/13
Turnover	8,031	9,678	15,006	16,484	29,774
Other operating income	117	19	142	19	187
Personnel expenses	-4,090	-5,061	-7,979	-9,696	-15,560
Depreciation and amortisation	-111	-171	-212	-350	-664
Other operating expenses	-2,597	-2,766	-5,337	-6,361	-11,63
Fair value changes of investments	-337	289	1,131	3,932	1,24
Operating profit	1,013	1,988	2,751	4,028	3,34
Financial income and expenses	-404	-127	-753	52	-74
Share of associated companies' result	327	-343	156	179	-61
Profit before taxes	936	1,518	2,154	4,259	1,99
Income taxes	-182	218	-236	66	-53
Profit for the period	754	1,736	1,918	4,325	1,45
Other comprehensive income:					
Translation differences	9	-203	15	-92	8
Re-measurements of post-employment benefit obligations	0	0	0	0	-10
Total comprehensive income	763	1,533	1,933	4,233	1,43
Profit attributable to:					
Equity holders of the company	754	1,736	1,918	4,325	1,45
Total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Equity holders of the company	763	1,533	1,933	4,233	1,43
Earnings per share for profit attributable					
to the equity holders of the Company:					
Earnings per share, cents	0,6	0,6	1,7	3,7	-1,
Diluted, cents	0,6	0,6	1,7	3,7	-1,



Accrued interest payable on the hybrid bond has been taken into consideration for the review period when calculating earnings per share.

## GROUP BALANCE SHEET (IFRS)

ASSETS Non-current assets Tangible assets Goodwill Other intangible assets Investments in associated companies Investments at fair value through profit and loss Investments in funds Other financial assets Receivables Deferred income tax assets Trade and other receivables Other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Cash and bank Total assets	264 6,204 897 9,275	300 6,204 1,249	282 6,204
Tangible assets Goodwill Other intangible assets Investments in associated companies Investments at fair value through profit and loss Investments in funds Other financial assets Receivables Deferred income tax assets <b>Current assets</b> Trade and other receivables Other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Cash and bank	6,204 897	6,204	-
Goodwill Other intangible assets Investments in associated companies Investments at fair value through profit and loss Investments in funds Other financial assets Receivables Deferred income tax assets <b>Current assets</b> Trade and other receivables Other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Cash and bank	6,204 897	6,204	-
Goodwill Other intangible assets Investments in associated companies Investments at fair value through profit and loss Investments in funds Other financial assets Receivables Deferred income tax assets <b>Current assets</b> Trade and other receivables Other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Cash and bank	897		6 204
Investments in associated companies Investments at fair value through profit and loss Investments in funds Other financial assets Receivables Deferred income tax assets <b>Current assets</b> Trade and other receivables Other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Cash and bank	897		0,20
Investments in associated companies Investments at fair value through profit and loss Investments in funds Other financial assets Receivables Deferred income tax assets <b>Current assets</b> Trade and other receivables Other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Cash and bank	9,275		1,04
Investments in funds Other financial assets Receivables Deferred income tax assets <b>Current assets</b> Trade and other receivables Other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Cash and bank		10,031	9,58
Other financial assets Receivables Deferred income tax assets <b>Current assets</b> Trade and other receivables Other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Cash and bank			
Receivables Deferred income tax assets <b>Current assets</b> Trade and other receivables Other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Cash and bank	62,966	75,769	64,12
Deferred income tax assets <b>Current assets</b> Trade and other receivables Other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Cash and bank	120	94	9
<b>Current assets</b> Trade and other receivables Other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Cash and bank	4,763	1,845	2,43
Trade and other receivables Other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Cash and bank	4,111	4,821	4,11
Trade and other receivables Other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Cash and bank	88,600	100,313	87,87
Trade and other receivables Other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Cash and bank			
Other financial assets at fair value through profit and loss Cash and bank			
through profit and loss Cash and bank	6,017	7,000	5,19
Cash and bank			
	319	365	36
Total assets	17,296	16,214	17,00
Total assets	23,632	23,579	22,56
	112,232	123,892	110,43
	,		,
€ ('000)	30.6.14	30.6.13	31.12.1
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Capital attributable the Company's equity holders			
Share capital	772	772	77
Share premium account	38,968	38,968	38,96
Other reserves	27,041	38,814	26,10
Translation difference	141	-49	12
Retained earnings	-2,572	3,769	-1,11
	_,	-,	_,
Total equity	64,350	82,274	64,86



Non-current liabilities			
Deferred income tax liabilities	1,813	2,152	1,820
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	30,343	14,678	25,854
Other liabilities	0	620	0
Post-employment benefits	299	169	299
	32,455	17,619	27,973
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10,860	13,856	11,344
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	4,500	10,000	6,000
Current income tax liabilities	67	143	261
	15,427	23,999	17,605
Total liabilities	47,882	41,618	45,578
Total equity and liabilities	112,232	123,892	110,439



## GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Attributal	Attributable to the equity holders of the Company				
€ ('000)	Share capital	Share premium account	Other reserves	Translation differences	Retained earnings	Total
Equity on 1 January 2013 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	772	38,968	38,814	43	553 4,351	79,150 4,351
Currency translation differences				-92		-92
Total comprehensive income for the year				-92	4,351	4,259
Hybrid bond, interest (net of tax)					-1,135	-1,135
Equity on 30 June 2013	772	38,968	38,814	-49	3,769	82,274
Equity on 1 January 2014	772	38,968	26,107	126	-1,112	64,861
Profit for the year					1,918	1,918
Other comprehensive income for the year						
Currency translation differences				15		15
Total comprehensive income for the year				15	1,918	1,933
Share issue			934			934
Options					74	74
Dividends					-3,452	-3,452
Equity on 30 June 2014	772	38,968	27,041	141	-2,572	64,350



## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW (IFRS)

€ ('000)	1-6/14	1-6/13	1-12/13
Cash flow from operations			
Profit for the financial year	1,918	4,325	1,459
Adjustments	-3	-1,815	363
Cash flow before change in working capital	1,915	2,510	1,822
Change in working capital	-1,786	1,712	921
Financing items and taxes	-833	-2,743	-5,708
Cash flow from operations	-704	1,479	-2,965
Cash flow from investments	524	15,610	26,792
Cash flow before financing	-180	17,089	23,827
Dividends paid	-3,452	0	0
Other net cash flow	3,924	-7,500	-13,448
Financial cash flow	472	-7,500	-13,448
Change in cash funds	292	9,589	10,379
Cash funds at start of the period	17,004	6,625	6,625
Cash funds at end of the period	17,296	16,214	17,004



## SEGMENT INFORMATION

## The Group reports two segments: Management company business and Fund investments

				Fund	
			l.	nvestment	
4-6/2014	Managem	ent Company bu	usiness	business	Tota
	-	CapMan Real			
€ ('000)	Private Equity	Estate	Total		
Turnover	5,209	2,822	8,031	0	8,031
Operating profit/loss	288	1,191	1,479	-466	1,013
Profit/loss for the financial year	288	1,009	1,297	-543	754
				Fund	
			I	nvestment	
4-6/2013	-	ent Company bu	usiness	business	Tota
	•	CapMan Real			
€ ('000)	Private Equity	Estate	Total		
Turnover	7,827	1,851	9,678	0	9,678
Operating profit/loss	1,682	84	1,766	222	1,988
Profit/loss for the financial year	1,723	84	1,807	-71	1,736
				Fund	
				nvestment	
1-6/2014	_	ent Company bu	usiness	business	Tota
c ((000)		CapMan Real	<b>-</b>		
€ ('000)	Private Equity	Estate	Total		
Turnover	10,014	4,992	15,006	0	15,006
Operating profit/loss	240	1,660	1,900	851	2,751
Profit/loss for the financial year	240	1,425	1,665	253	1,918
Assets	7,188	297	7,485	81,115	88,600
Total assets includes:					
Investments in associated companies	0	0	0	9,275	9,275



1-6/2013	-	ent Company bu	ısiness	Fund Investment business	Total
	CapMan Private	CapMan			
€ ('000)	Equity	Real Estate	Total		
Turnover	12,968	3,516	16,484	0	16,484
Operating profit/loss	651	-315	336	3,692	4,028
Profit/loss for the financial year	920	-315	605	3,720	4,325
					100,31
Assets	7,502	345	7,847	92,466	3
Total assets includes:					
Investments in associated companies	0	0	0	10,031	10,031

1-12/2013	Manageme	ent Company bu	siness	Fund Investment business	Total
	CapMan				
	Private	CapMan			
€ ('000)	Equity	Real Estate	Total		
Turnover	22,628	7,146	29,774	0	29,774
Operating profit/loss	2,951	-150	2,801	546	3,347
Profit/loss for the financial year	1,673	-150	1,523	-64	1,459
Assets	7,326	301	7,627	80,248	87,875
Total assets includes:					
Investments in associated companies	0	0	0	9,583	9,583

## **INCOME TAXES**

The Group's income taxes in the Income Statements are calculated on the basis of current taxes on taxable income and deferred taxes. Deferred taxes are calculated on the basis of all temporary differences between book value and fiscal value.

## DIVIDENDS

A dividend of €0.04 per share, totalling MEUR 3.5 million in all, was paid for 2013. The dividend was paid to shareholders on 1 April 2014. No dividend was paid for 2012.



## NON-CURRENT ASSETS

€ ('000)	30.6.14	30.6.13	31.12.13
Investments in funds at fair value through			
profit and loss at Jan 1	64,122	74,465	74,465
Additions	7,058	3,840	5,496
Distributions	-8,663	-3,785	-14,098
Fair value gains/losses on investments	449	1,249	-1,741
Investments in funds at fair value through			
profit and loss at end of the period	62,966	75,769	64,122
Investments in funds at fair value through			
profit and loss at the end of period	30.6.14	30.6.13	31.12.13
Buyout	32,138	42,031	33,897
Credit	3,400	2,969	2,660
Russia	4,607	4,574	4,036
Public Market	3,738	4,483	5,296
Real Estate	8,782	6,666	7,345
Other	7,839	11,566	8,153
Access	2,462	3,480	2,735
In total	62,966	75,769	64,122



## THE GROUP'S ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE AT 30 JUNE 2014.

The different levels have been defined as follows:

Level 1 Quoted prices (unjusted) in active markets for identical assets

Level 2 Other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset, either directly (that is, as price) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices)

Level 3 The asset that is not based on observable market data

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investments at fair value through profit and loss				
investments in funds				
at Jan 1		5,296	58,826	64,122
Additions		31	7,027	7,058
Distributions		-1,928	-6,735	-8,663
Fair value gains/losses on investments		338	111	449
at the end of period		3,737	59,229	62,966

Level 3 fund investments mainly include investments in unlisted companies that have no quoted market value.

The valuation of CapMan funds' investment is based on international valuation guidelines that are widely used and accepted within the industry and among investors. CapMan always aims at valuing funds' investments at their actual value. Fair value is the best estimate of the price that would be received by selling an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date.

Determining the fair value of fund investments for funds investing in portfolio companies is carried out using International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines (IPEVG). In estimating fair value for an investment, CapMan applies a technique or techniques that is/are appropriate in light of the nature, facts, and circumstances of the investment in the context of the total investment portfolio. In doing this, current market data and several inputs, including the price at which an investment was acquired, the nature of the investment, local market conditions, trading values on public exchanges for comparable securities, current and projected operating performance, and financing transactions subsequent to the acquisition of the investment, are evaluated and combined with market participant assumptions. In selecting the appropriate valuation technique for each particular investment, consideration of those specific terms of the investment that may impact its fair value is required.

Different methodologies may be considered. The most applied methodologies at CapMan include the price of recent investments, which is typically applied in the case of new investments, and the earnings multiple valuation technique, whereby public peer group multiples are used to estimate the value of a particular investment. Due to qualitative nature of the valuation methodologies, they are mainly based on CapMan's judgment.

Investments in real estate are valued at fair value based on appraisals made by independent external experts, who follow International Valuation Standards (IVS). The method most appropriate to the use of the property is always applied, or a combination of such methods.

Because there is significant uncertainty in the valuation of, or in the stability of, the value of illiquid investments, the fair values of such investments as reflected in a fund's net asset value do not necessarily reflect the prices that would actually be obtained when such investments are realised.



## TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (ASSOCIATED COMPANIES)

€ ('000)	30.6.14	30.6.13	31.12.13
Receivables - current at end of review period	0	0	51

## NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

€ ('000)	30.6.14	30.6.13	31.12.13
Interest bearing loans at end of review period	30,343	14,678	25,854

## Seasonal nature of business

Carried interest income is accrued on an irregular schedule depending on the timing of exits. An exit may have an appreciable impact on the Group's result for the full financial year.

## PERSONNEL

By country	30.6.14	30.6.13	31.12.13
Finland	72	67	65
Sweden	20	17	18
Norway	6	8	8
Russia	11	12	11
Luxembourg	1	1	1
In total	110	105	103



## CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

€ ('000)	30.6.14	30.6.13	31.12.13
Leasing agreements	5,391	6,006	5,131
Securities and other contingent liabilities	64,230	65,199	64,326
Remaining commitments to funds	26,834	25,093	30,305
Remaining commitments by investment area			
Buyout	14,080	8,820	14,929
Credit	3,544	4,526	4,257
Russia	2,135	2,846	2,500
Public Market	1,386	1,029	1,349
Real Estate	1,188	3,046	2,664
Other	3,326	3,588	3,410
Access	1,175	1,238	1,196
In total	26,834	25,093	30,305

Commitments to funds are typically made for ten years. The majority of the commitments are paid in during fund's investment period, 3–5 years from the establishment of each fund.



## TURNOVER AND PROFIT QUARTERLY

## 2014

2014			
MEUR	1-3/14	4-6/14	1-6/14
Turnover	7.0	8.0	15.0
Fees	7.0	6.6	13.6
Carried interest	0.0	1.4	1.4
Other operating income	0.0	0.1	0.1
Operating expenses	-6.7	-6.8	-13.5
Fair value changes of investments	1.5	-0.4	1.1
Operating profit	1.7	1.0	2.7
Financial income and expenses	-0.3	-0.5	-0.8
Share of associated companies' result	-0.2	0.4	0.2
Profit before taxes	1.2	0.9	2.1
Profit for the period	1.2	0.7	1.9

2013						
MEUR	1-3/13	4-6/13	1-6/13	7-9/13	10-12/13	1-12/13
Turnover	6.8	9.7	16.5	6.7	6.6	29.8
Fees	6.4	7.3	13.7	6.6	6.6	26.9
Carried interest	0.4	2.4	2.8	0.1	0.0	2.9
Other operating income	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2
Operating expenses	-8.4	-8.0	-16.4	-6.5	-5.0	-27.9
Fair value changes of investments	3.6	0.3	3.9	-0.1	-2.6	1.2
Operating profit / loss	2.0	2.0	4.0	0.2	-0.9	3.3
Financial income and expenses	0.2	-0.1	0.1	-0.2	-0.6	-0.7
Share of associated companies' result	0.5	-0.3	0.2	-0.4	-0.4	-0.6
Profit / loss before taxes	2.7	1.6	4.3	-0.5	-1.8	2.0
Profit / loss for the period	2.6	1.7	4.3	-0.4	-2.4	1.5



## APPENDIX 1: THE CAPMAN GROUP'S FUNDS UNDER MANAGEMENT AS OF 30 JUNE 2014, MEUR

The tables below show the status of the funds managed by CapMan as of 30 June 2014. CapMan groups its funds into four categories in terms of their life cycle as follows: 1) Funds generating carried interest; 2) Funds in the exit and value creation phase; 3) Funds in the active investment phase; and 4) Funds with no carried interest potential for CapMan.

Exits made by funds generating carried interest provide CapMan with immediate carry income, while those in the exit and value creation phase can be expected to start generating carried interest within the next 1-5 years. The carry potential of funds in the active investment phase is likely to be realised over the next 5-10 years. The final category comprises funds that do not offer any carried interest potential for CapMan, either because CapMan's share of carry in the funds concerned is small or because the funds are not expected to transfer to carry.

When analysing the projected timetable within which a fund could transfer to carry, the cumulative cash flow that investors have already received should be compared to the fund's paid-in capital. In order for a fund to enter carry, it must first return its paid-in capital and pay an annual preferential return to investors. In the case of funds in the exit or value creation phase, the table shows the cash flow that must be returned to investors to enable a fund to transfer to carry. The carry potential of each fund can be evaluated by comparing this figure to the fair value of the fund's portfolio. A portfolio's fair value, including its possible net cash flows, provides an indication of the distributable capital available as of the end of the reporting period. Any uncalled capital in a fund (particularly relevant for funds in the active investment phase) should be taken into account when evaluating the cash flow that will be needed to enable a fund to transfer to carry.

The percentage shown in the last column indicates the share of each fund's cash flow due to CapMan as and when the fund transfers to carry. Following a previous distribution of carried interest, any new paid-in capital, together with the annual preferential return payable on it, must be returned to investors before any further distribution of carried interest can take place.

Definitions of the column headings are shown below the table.



## FUNDS INVESTING IN PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

	Size	Paid-in capital	Fund's cu portfo		Net cash	Distri cash		Amount of cash flow	CapMan's share of
			At cost	At fair value	assets		To mgmt company	needed to transfer the fund to carry as of 30.6.2014	cash flow if the func generates carriec interest
Funds generating carried interest									
Fenno Program <sup>1)</sup> , FM II B,	FV V, FM I	IIB, CME VI	B <sup>6)</sup>						
Total	314.5	308.8	25.1	15.2	4.6	506.6	22.5		10-20%
Funds in exit and value creation phase									
FM III A	101.4	100.6	18.4	19.3	0.4	128.7		2.3	20 %
CME VII A <sup>6)</sup>	156.7	156.7	43.6	19.6	5.8	208.9		10.5	15 %
CME Sweden <sup>6)</sup>	67.0	67.0	18.7	8.4	2.5	88.8		6.1	15 %
CMB VIII <sup>2)6)</sup>	440.0	398.2	159.3	184.7	0.4	292.5		300.8	12 %
СМРМ	138.0	133.4	71.1	107.5	0.0	134.5		75.7	10 %
CMR	118.1	110.6	61.9	84.4	8.0	18.9		125.6	3.4 %
CMB IX	294.6	278.6	209.9	265.7	1.0	42.5		306.7	10 %
Total	1,315.8	1,245.1	582.9	689.6	18.1	914.8			
Funds in active investment phase									
CMM V	95.0	49.6	37.8	44.2	0.3	15.0			10 %
CMB X <sup>2)</sup>	220.1	142.1	122.4	122.4	5.3	4.9			8%
CMR II	97.2	15.5	11.3	11.3	0.5	0.6			8 %
Total	412.3	207.2	171.5	177.9	6.1	20.5			
Fund with no carried interest potential- for CapMan FV IV, FV VET, SWE LS <sup>3)</sup> , SWE Tech <sup>2), 3)</sup> , CME VII C <sup>6)</sup> , FM II A, C, D <sup>2)</sup> , FM III C, CMM IV <sup>4)</sup> , CMLS IV, CMT 2007 <sup>2)</sup>									
Total	729.2	690.3	138.8	123.4	8.5	538.9			
	723.2	050.5	130.0	123.4	0.5	550.9			
Total									
private equity funds	2,771.8	2,451.4	918.3	1006.1	37.3	1,980.8	22.5		



## REAL ESTATE FUNDS

	Investment capacity	Paid-in capital	Fund's c portf		Net cash		ibuted h flow	Amount of cash flow	CapMan' s share
			At cost	At fair value	assets	To in- vestors	To mgmt- company	needed to transfer the fund to carry as of 30.6.2014	of cash flow if the fund generate s carried interest
Funds in exit and value creation phase CMRE II									interest
Equity and bonds	150.0	128.8	132.6	136.5		30.9		167.3	12%
Debt financing	450.0	301.7	223.8	223.8					
Total	600.0	430.5	356.4	360.3	0.6	30.9			
CMRHE Equity and	3 <b>23 F</b>	210.0	205.8	224.4		FC 7		426.4	120/
bonds Debt financing	332.5 617.5	319.9 542.6	395.8 486.0	324.4 486.0		56.7		436.4	12%
Total	950.0	862.5	881.8	810.4	7.4	56.7			
Total	1,550.0	1,293.0	1,238.2	1,170.7	8.0	87.6	0.0		
Funds in active investment phase CMNRE									
Equity and bonds Debt financing	72.5 52.5	59.0 0.0	46.6 0.0	44.3 0.0		7.6 0.0			
Total	125.0	59.0	46.6	44.3	5.0	7.6			
Funds with no carried interest potential to CapMan CMRE I <sup>5)</sup>									
Equity and									
bonds Debt financing	200.0 300.0	188.5 276.6	65.3 70.5	39.8 70.5		207.8	27.4		
Total		465.1	135.8	110.3	0.4	207.8	27.4		
Real Estate funds total	2,175.0	1,817.1	1,420.6	1,325.3	13.4	303.0	27.4		



## Abbreviations used to refer to funds:

CMB	= CapMan Buyout	CMRE	= CapMan Real Estate
CME	= CapMan Equity	CMT 2007	= CapMan Technology 2007
CMLS	= CapMan Life Science	FM	= Finnmezzanine Fund
CMM	= CapMan Mezzanine	FV	= Finnventure Fund
CMHRE	= CapMan Hotels RE	PSH Fund	= Project Specific Hotel Fund
CMNRE	= CapMan Nordic Real Estate	SWE LS	= Swedestart Life Science
CMPM	= CapMan Public Market Fund	SWE Tech	= Swedestart Tech
CMR	= CapMan Russia Fund		

## Explanation of the terminology used in the fund tables

#### Size/Original investment capacity:

Total capital committed to a fund by investors, i.e. the original size of a fund. For real estate funds, investment capacity also includes the share of debt financing used by a fund.

#### Paid-in capital:

Total capital paid into a fund by investors as of the end of the review period.

#### Fund's current portfolio at fair value:

The determination of the fair value of fund investments for funds investing in portfolio companies is carried out using the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines (IPEVG, www.privateequityvaluation.com).

In estimating fair value for an investment, CapMan applies a technique or techniques that is/are appropriate in light of the nature, facts, and circumstances of the investment in the context of the total investment portfolio. In doing this, current market data and several inputs, including the price at which an investment was acquired, the nature of the investment, local market conditions, trading values on public exchanges for comparable securities, current and projected operating performance, and financing transactions subsequent to the acquisition of the investment, are evaluated and combined with market participant assumptions. In selecting the appropriate valuation technique for each particular investment, consideration of those specific terms of the investment that may impact its fair value is required.

Different methodologies may be considered. The most applied methodologies at CapMan include the price of recent investments, which is typically applied in the case of new investments, and the earnings multiple valuation technique, whereby public peer group multiples are used to estimate the value of a particular investment. Due to qualitative nature of the valuation methodologies, they are mainly based on CapMan's judgment.

Investments in real estate are valued at fair value based on appraisals made by independent external experts, who follow International Valuation Standards (IVS). The method most appropriate to the use of the property is always applied, or a combination of such methods.

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Due to the nature of private equity investment activities, fund portfolios contain investments with a fair value that exceeds their acquisition cost, as well as investments with a fair value less than the acquisition cost.



#### Net cash assets:

When calculating the investors' share, a fund's net cash assets must be taken into account in addition to the portfolio at fair value. The proportion of debt financing in real estate funds is presented separately in the table.

#### Amount of cash flow needed to transfer the fund to carry

This cash flow refers to the profit distributed by funds and the capital they pay back to investors. The figure indicates the size of the cash flow that must be returned to investors as of the end of the reporting period to enable a fund to transfer to carry. A fund's carry potential can be evaluated by comparing this figure to the fair value of its portfolio.

#### CapMan's share of cash flow if a fund generates carried interest:

When a fund has generated the cumulative preferential return for investors specified in the fund agreements, the management company is entitled to an agreed share of future cash flows from the fund, known as carried interest.

After the previous distribution of profits, any new capital called in, as well as any annual preferential returns on it, must be returned to investors before any new distribution of profits can be paid.

#### Footnotes to the tables

- 1) Fenno Fund and Skandia I together form the Fenno Program, which is jointly managed with Fenno Management Oy.
- 2) The fund is comprised of two or more legal entities (parallel funds are presented separately only if their investment focuses or portfolios differ significantly).
- 3) Currency items are valued at the average exchange rates quoted at 30 June 2014.
- 4) CapMan Mezzanine IV: The paid-in capital includes a MEUR 192 bond issued by Leverator Plc Distributed cash flow includes payments to both bond subscribers and to the fund's partners.
- 5) CapMan Real Estate I: Distributed cash flow includes repayment of the bonds and cash flow to the fund's partners. Following the previous payment of carried interest, a total of MEUR 42.3 in paid-in capital had not yet been returned to investors. This capital, together with the annual income entitlement payable on it, must be paid to investors before further carried interest can be distributed.

CapMan's management considers it unlikely, in the light of the market situation, that further carried interest will be provided by the CapMan Real Estate I fund. As a result, the fund has been transferred from those funds in carry. A total of some MEUR 6 of carried interest was not entered in CapMan's profit in 2007 but instead left in reserve in case that some of the carried interest would have to be returned to investors in future.

6) CapMan Group's Board of Directors made a decision in early 2012 to increase the Buyout investment teams' share of carried interest to better reflect prevailing industry practices. In CapMan Buyout VIII fund the investment team's share is approximately 40%, and in CapMan Equity VII funds the investment team's share is approximately 25%.



## APPENDIX 2: OPERATIONS OF CAPMAN'S FUNDS UNDER MANAGEMENT, JANUARY – JUNE 2014

The operations of the private equity funds managed by CapMan during the review period comprised direct investments in portfolio companies in the Nordic countries and Russia (CapMan Private Equity), as well as real estate investments (CapMan Real Estate). Investments by CapMan funds investing in portfolio companies focus on three key investment areas in the Nordic countries and one in Russia. These take the form of mid-size buyouts (CapMan Buyout), investments in mid-sized companies operating in Russia (CapMan Russia), mezzanine investments (CapMan Credit), and significant minority shareholdings in listed small and mid-cap companies (CapMan Public Market<sup>10</sup>). The investment focus of CapMan's real estate funds is on properties in Finland and the other Nordic countries. CapMan also has two other investment areas (CapMan Technology and CapMan Life Science), which do not make new investments, but concentrate instead on developing the value of their existing portfolio companies. These two latter investment areas are reported under "Other" in Private Equity.

CapMan separated its mezzanine investments from CapMan Buyout during the review period and the investments are reported under "Credit." Due to the change in classification, fund investment activities for the quarter are not comparable with previous quarters where the reclassification has not been made.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>The Public Market Fund is continuing exit and value creation activities in line with its strategy. CapMan participates in the fundraising of a new fund focusing on publicly listed companies, and the fund will pay management fees and carried interests to CapMan based on the commitments to the fund made through CapMan. As a result of the arrangement, Public Market will be reported together with investment areas categorised as "Others" going forward.



## CAPMAN PRIVATE EQUITY

## Investments in portfolio companies in January–June 2014

During the review period, funds managed by CapMan invested in seven new companies and made a number of add-on investments in existing portfolio companies, totalling MEUR 159.6. The new investments were made by the CapMan Buyout X fund in The North Alliance, Suomen Lämpöikkuna Oy (LämpöLux), the Kämp Group, Harvia Oy, Malte Månson, YrkesAcademin and Oral Hammaslääkärit Plc. The CapMan Mezzanine V fund also invested in Suomen Lämpöikkuna Oy and the Kämp Group. Add-on investments were largely concentrated in portfolio companies held by CapMan's Buyout funds. Funds made one new investment and several add-on investments valued at a total of MEUR 46.0 during the corresponding period last year.

## Exits from portfolio companies in January–June 2014

During the review period, funds exited Intrum Justitia, Espira AS, LUMENE Oy and Bank Evropeisky completely and made a partial exit from Cederroth AB, among others. These exits had a combined acquisition cost of MEUR 70.9. In the corresponding period last year, funds made five complete exits and one partial exit from portfolio companies, with a combined acquisition cost of MEUR 55.6.

## Events after the close of the review period

Funds managed by CapMan announced an exit from Finlayson Oy, which was finalised in July 2014.

## CAPMAN REAL ESTATE

## Investments in and commitments to real estate acquisitions and projects, January–June 2014

CapMan's real estate funds made two new investments during the review period. New investments were Bladet 3 office building in Northern Stockholm and two residential properties in central Copenhagen. Funds also made addon investments in a number of existing properties. The new investments and add-on investments totalled MEUR 61.8. In addition, real estate funds were committed to provide financing for real estate acquisitions and projects totalling MEUR 9.3 as of 30 June 2014. During the comparable period last year, CapMan's real estate funds did not make any new investments, but funds made a number of add-on investments totalling MEUR 4.6, while commitments to finance new projects totalled MEUR 12.0 as of 30 June 2013.

## Exits from real estate investments in January–June 2014

Funds exited from Yrjönkatu 17 Koy during the review period. The exit had a combined acquisition cost of MEUR 11.3. During the comparable period in 2013, real estate funds made one exit with an acquisition cost of MEUR 0.3.



## FUND INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES IN FIGURES

## Investments and exits made by funds at acquisition cost, MEUR

		1-6/2014	1-6/2013	1-12/2013
New and add-on	investments			
Funds investing i	n portfolio companies	159.6	46.9	66.0
	Buyout	135,0	37.0	39.2
	Credit	20,0	2.5	2.5
	Russia	3,4	2.4	15.0
	Public Market	0.0	0.0	0.0
+	Other	1,2	4.0	9.3
Real Estate funds	5	61.8	4.6	16.9
Total		221.4	50.5	82.9

Exits*			
Funds investing in portfolio companies	70.9	55.6	229.0
Buyout	44,	6 31.2	169.4
Credit	0,	0 9.0	9.0
Russia	3,	9 0.5	10.6
Public Market	20.	4 3.2	8.9
Other	2,	0 11.7	31.1
Real Estate funds	11.3	0.3	0.3
Total	82.2	55.9	229.3

\* including partial exits and repayments of mezzanine loans.

In addition, real estate funds had made commitments to finance real estate acquisitions and projects valued at MEUR 9.3 as of 30 June 2014.



## Funds' combined portfolio\* as of 30 June 2014, MEUR

	Portfolio at acquisition cost	Portfolio at fair value	Share of portfolic (fair value) %
Funds investing in portfolio companies Real Estate funds	918.2 1,420.6	1.005.8 1,325.3	43. 56.9
Total	2,338.8	2,331.1	100.0
Funds investing in portfolio companies			
Funds investing in portfolio companies Buvout	608.0	675.7	67.
<u> </u>	608.0 37.8	675.7 44.2	•••
			67. 4. 9.

128.1

918.2

82.7

1,005.8

\* Total of all investments of funds under management.

## **Remaining investment capacity**

Other

Total

After deducting actual and estimated expenses, funds investing in portfolio companies had a remaining investment capacity amounting to some MEUR 594 for new and add-on investments as of 30 June 2014. Of their remaining capital, approx. MEUR 326 was earmarked for buyout investments (incl. mezzanine investments), approx. MEUR 48 for investments by the Credit team, approx. MEUR 62 for technology investments, approx. MEUR 5 for life science investments, approx. MEUR 117 for investments by the CapMan Russia team, and approx. MEUR 36 for investments by the CapMan Public Market team. Real estate funds had a remaining investment capacity of approx. MEUR 123, which has been reserved for new investments and for the development of funds' existing investments.



8.2

100.0

## APPENDIX 3: DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS OPERATIONS

CapMan Group is a private equity fund manager operating in the Nordic countries and Russia. The Group also makes investments in its own funds.

Private equity investment means making direct equity investments in companies and real estate. Investments are made through funds, which raise their capital primarily from institutional investors such as pension funds and foundations. Private equity investors actively develop their portfolio companies and real estate by working closely with management and tenants. Value creation is based on promoting companies' sustainable growth and strengthening their strategic position. Private equity investment is of a long-term nature – investments are held for an average of four to six years and the entire life cycle of a fund is typically around 10 years. Over the long term, private equity funds have generated significantly higher levels of returns compared to other investment classes<sup>11</sup>, and the industry's long-term prospects are favourable. By investing in CapMan, institutional and private investors can benefit from the profit potential of the private equity industry while diversifying their exposure.

The Group has two operating segments: 1) a Management Company business and 2) a Fund Investment business.

## 1) Management Company business

In its Management Company business, CapMan raises capital from Nordic and international institutions for the funds that it manages. The investment teams invest this capital in Nordic and Russian companies and Nordic real estate.

The Management Company business has two main sources of income, fee income and carried interest income. Fund investors pay a management fee to CapMan (typically 0.5-2.0% p.a.) during the life cycle of each fund. The management fee is based on fund size less realised exits during the fund's investment period (typically 5 years), after which the management fee is based on the remaining invested portfolio valued at cost. Other services, such as the Purchasing Scheme (CaPS) and accounting services, also generate fees for CapMan. Fees normally cover CapMan's operating costs and generally represent a steady and highly predictable source of income.

The second source of income of the Management Company business is carried interest received from funds. Carried interest denotes the Management Company's share of each fund's cash flow after paidin capital has been distributed to fund investors and the latter have received their annual preferential return (so-called hurdle rate (IRR), typically 8% p.a.). The amount of carried interest generated depends on the timing of exits and the stage at which funds are in their life cycle, which makes advance prediction difficult.

## 2) Fund Investment business

Through its Fund Investment business, CapMan makes investments from its own balance sheet in the funds that it manages. Income in this business is generated by increases in the fair value of investments and realised returns. Fair value is determined by the development of portfolio companies and real estate held by the funds, in addition to general market developments. Revenue from CapMan's fund investments can sometimes be negative.

As there may be considerable quarterly fluctuations in carried interest and the fair value of fund investments, the Group's financial performance should be analysed over a longer time span than the quarterly cycle.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Bain & Company, Global Private Equity Report 2014

